

The ExecutiveInsite Report

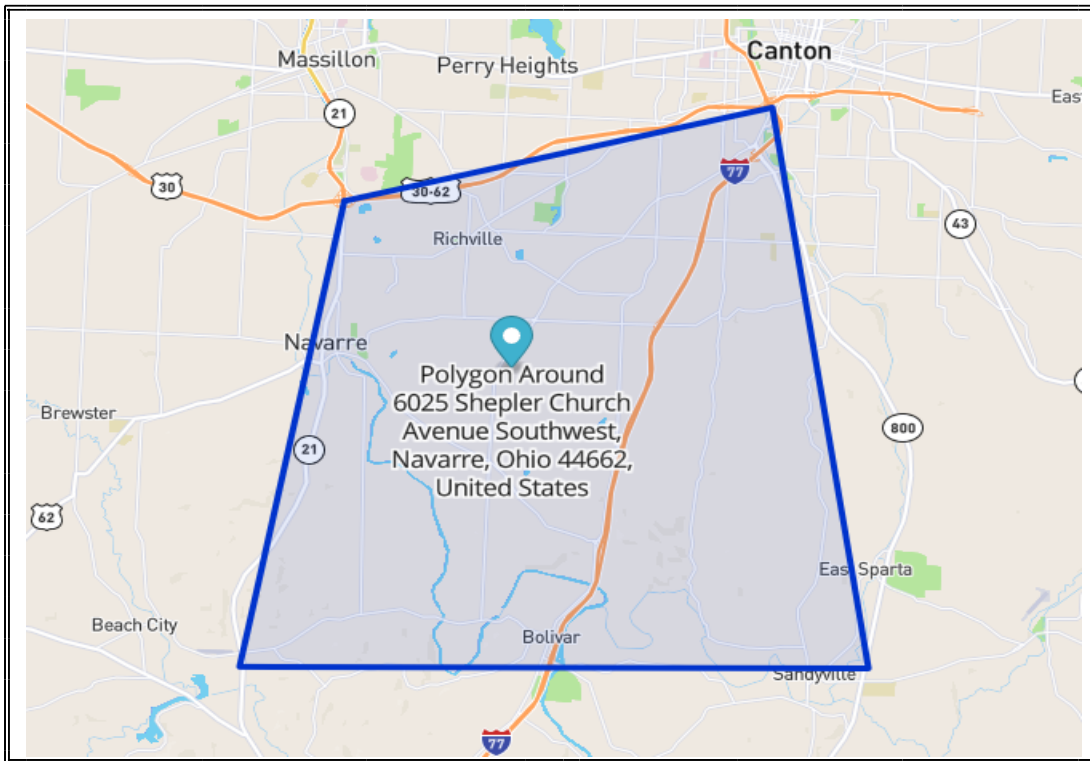
Prepared for: East Ohio Conference UMC
 Study area: Polygon Around 6025 Shepler Church Avenue Southwest, Navarre, Ohio 44662, United States
 Base State: OH

Current Year Estimate: 2019
 5 Year Projection: 2024
 Date: 12/3/2020
 Semi-Annual Projection: Fall

This ExecutiveInsite Report has been prepared for East Ohio Conference UMC. Its purpose is to "tell the demographic story" of the defined geographic study area. ExecutiveInsite integrates narrative analysis with data tables and graphs. Playing on the report name, it includes 12 "Insites" into the study area's story. It includes both demographic and beliefs and practices data.

ExecutiveInsite is intended to give an overview analysis of the defined geographic study area. A defined study area can be a region, a zip code, a county or some custom defined geographic area such as a radius or a user defined polygon. The area of study is displayed in the map below.

THE STUDY AREA



THE 12 INSITES

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More Information

Please refer to the last page of the report for additional notes and interpretation aides in reading the report.

Not all of the demographic variables available in the MI System are found in this report. The FullInsite Report will give a more comprehensive view of an area's demographics.

Also, the Impressions Report adds additional social, behavioral views and the Quad Report provides a detailed view of religious preferences, practices and beliefs.

INSITE #1: POPULATION AND HOUSEHOLD TRENDS

Population:

The estimated 2019 population within the study area is 22,128. The 2024 projection would see the area decline by -455 to a total population of 21,673. The population within the study area is growing somewhat slower than the statewide growth rate. While the study area is projected to decline by -2.1% in the next five years, the state is projected to remain stable at 0.3%. The study area's estimated average change rate is -0.4%.

Households:

The households within the community are declining faster than the population, thus the average population per household in 2010 was 2.48 but by 2024 it is projected to be 2.48. Compare this to the statewide average which for the current year is estimated at 2.51 persons per household.

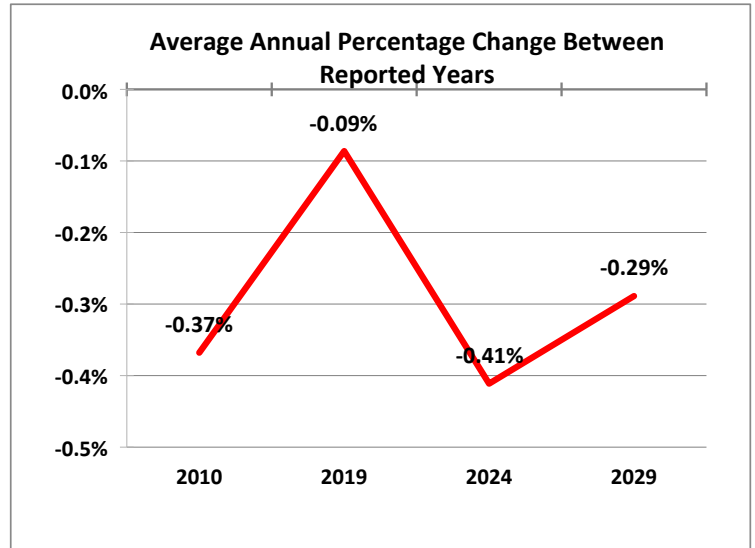
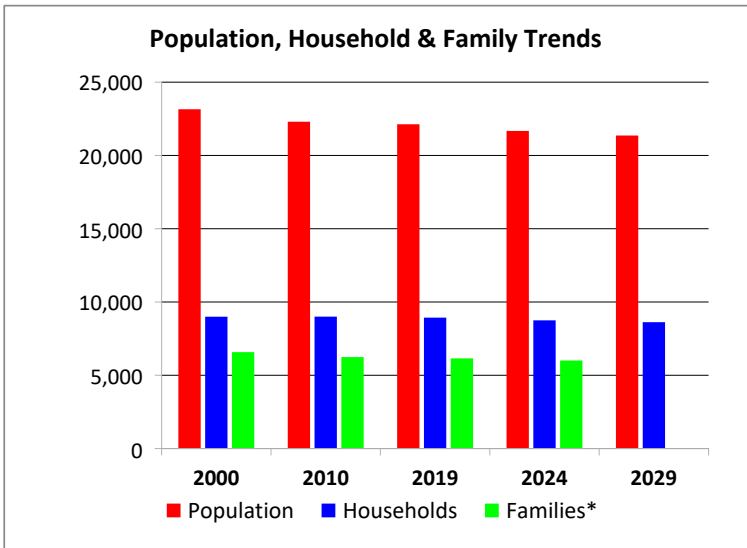
Population Per Household

Population per Household: The relationship between population and households provides a hint about how the community is changing. When population grows faster than households, it suggests an increase in the persons per household. This can only happen when more persons are added either by birth or other process such as young adults in multiple roommate households or young adults returning to live with parents. In some communities this can occur when multiple families live in the same dwelling unit.

Family Households:

Family households provide an additional hint about the changing dynamics of a community. If family household growth follows population growth, then it would be reasonable to assume that the increasing population per household comes from additional children. However, within the study area, this is not the case. Family households are not growing as fast as the population, suggesting the growth may be the result of growth of non-family adult households.

Population/Households & Family Trends					
	2000	2010	2019	2024	2029
Population	23,153	22,301	22,128	21,673	21,360
Population Change		-852	-173	-455	-313
Percent Change		-3.7%	-0.8%	-2.1%	-1.4%
Households	8,996	9,001	8,933	8,748	8,623
Households Change		5	-68	-185	-125
Percent Change		0.1%	-0.8%	-2.1%	-1.4%
Population / Households	2.57	2.48	2.48	2.48	2.48
Population / Households Change		-0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
Percent Change		-3.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Families	6,579	6,241	6,152	6,008	
Families Change		-338	-89	-144	
Percent Change		-5.1%	-1.4%	-2.3%	

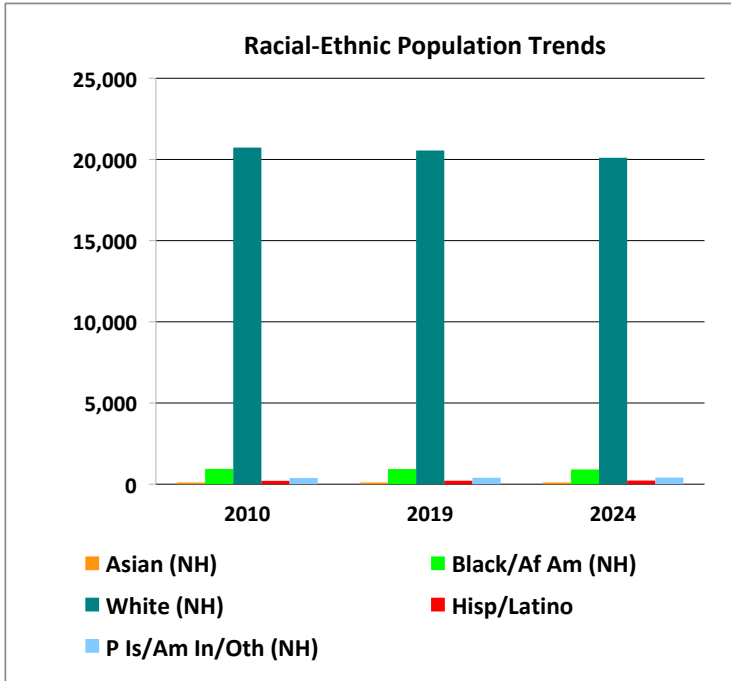


NOTE: Family Household data is not projected out 10 years.

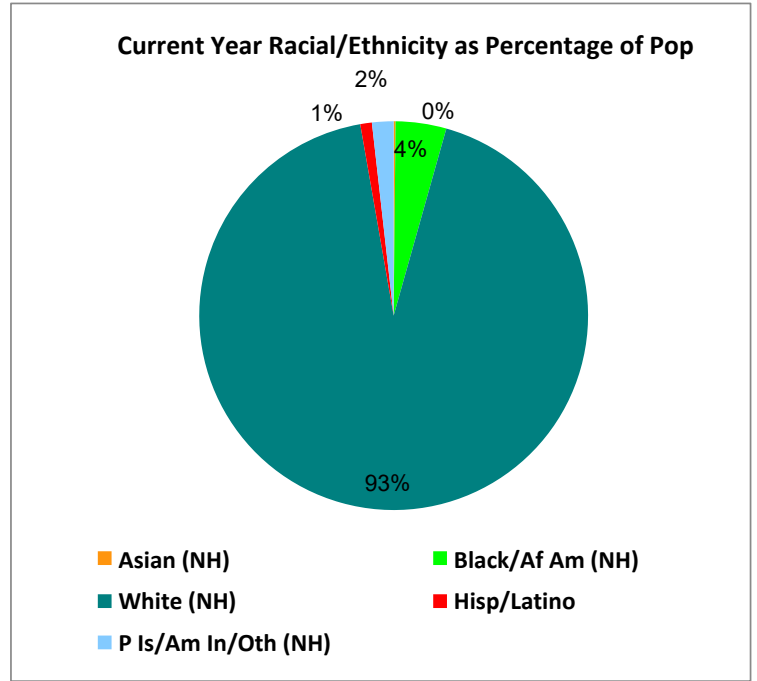
INSITE #2: RACIAL-ETHNIC TRENDS

The US population's racial-ethnic diversity is continually adding new and rich cultural mixes. This data considers the five groups for which trending information is available. Please note that several groups are aggregated into a single category due to their smaller size. Those persons who indicated Hispanic or Latino ethnicity along with a racial category have been separated into a Hispanic or Latino category.

The Population: Racial/Ethnic Trends table provides the actual numbers and percentage of the total population for each of the five racial/ethnic categories. Pay special attention to the final column on the right. This will quickly indicate the direction of change from the last census to the current five year projection.



The Racial Ethnic Trends graph displays history and projected change by each racial/ethnic group.



This chart shows the percentage of each group for the current year estimate.

The percentage of the population...

Asian (Non-Hisp) is projected to remain about the same over the next five years.

Black/African American (Non-Hisp) is projected to remain about the same over the next five years.

White (Non-Hisp) is projected to remain about the same over the next five years.

Hispanic or Latino is projected to remain about the same over the next five years.

	2010	2019	2024	2010%	2019 %	2024 %	2010 to 2024 %pt Change
Race and Ethnicity							
Asian (NH)	42	35	33	0.19%	0.16%	0.15%	-0.04%
Black/Afr Amer (NH)	940	932	908	4.22%	4.21%	4.19%	-0.03%
White (NH)	20,730	20,552	20,105	92.96%	92.88%	92.76%	-0.19%
Hispanic/Latino	206	213	224	0.92%	0.96%	1.03%	0.11%
P Is/Am In/Oth (NH)	383	396	404	1.72%	1.79%	1.86%	0.15%
Totals:	22,301	22,128	21,674				

INSITE #3: AGE TRENDS

A community's age structure and how it is changing is an important part of its story. Overall, the American Population has been aging as the Baby Boomers progress through each phase of life. This has been abetted by episodes of declining live births. However, this picture may particularize differently from community to community. There are communities in the US where the average age is lower than some others. In other cases, there is a clear shift toward senior years as the Boomers enter their retirement years.

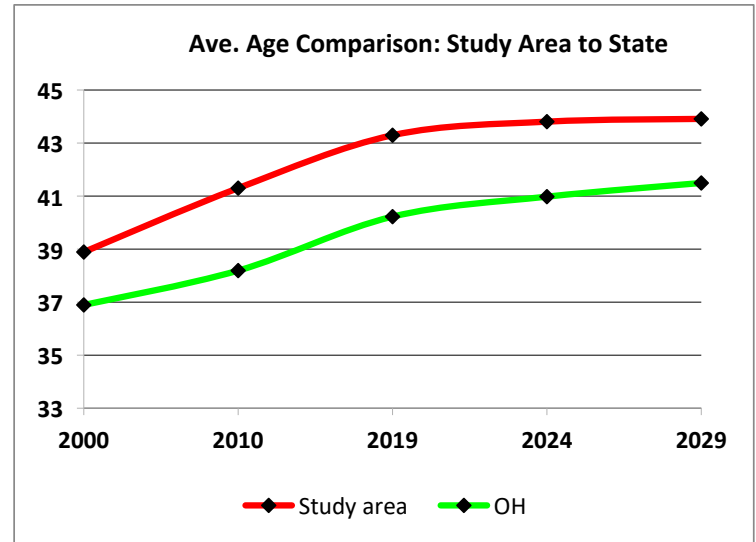
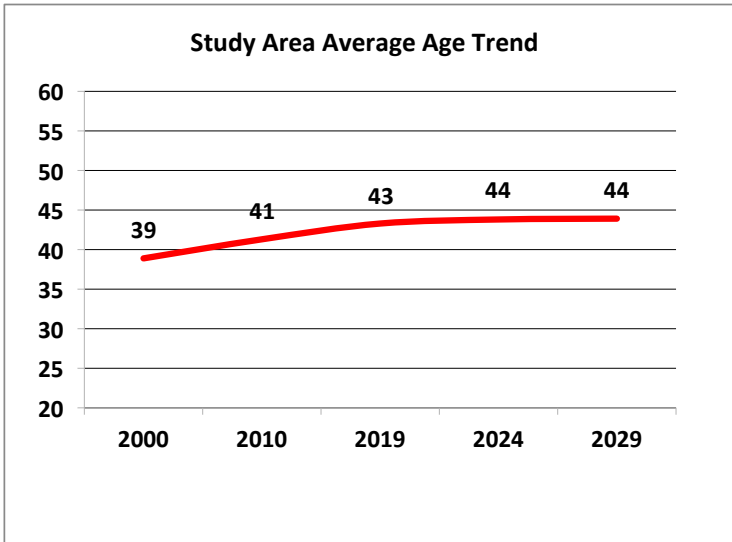
The Age Trend Insite explores two variables: Average age and Phase of Life.

Average Age Trends provides five important snapshots of a community from five data points; the 2000 census, the last census, the current year estimate, the five-year projection and the ten year forecast. These five numbers will indicate the aging direction of a community.

The Phase of Life Trends breaks the population into seven life phases that the population passes through in its life time.

AGE

<i>Average Age Trends</i>	2000	2010	2019	2024	2029
Average Age: Study Area	38.89	41.30	43.29	43.81	43.91
Percent Change		6.2%	4.8%	1.2%	0.2%
Average Age: OH	36.89	38.19	40.22	40.98	41.49
Percent Change		3.5%	5.3%	1.9%	1.3%
Comparative Index		105	108	107	106
Median Age: Study Area	39	43	44	44	43



Summary of Average Age Findings:

The Average Age Trend chart shows both history and projection of the change in average age in the study area. The average age of the study area has been rising for several years. It is projected to rise over the next five years.

A comparison to the average age of the state helps to contextualize the significance of the average age of the study area and its history and projection. In the graph above, the study area and state are laid out side by side. The state's average age is estimated to be lower than the study area.

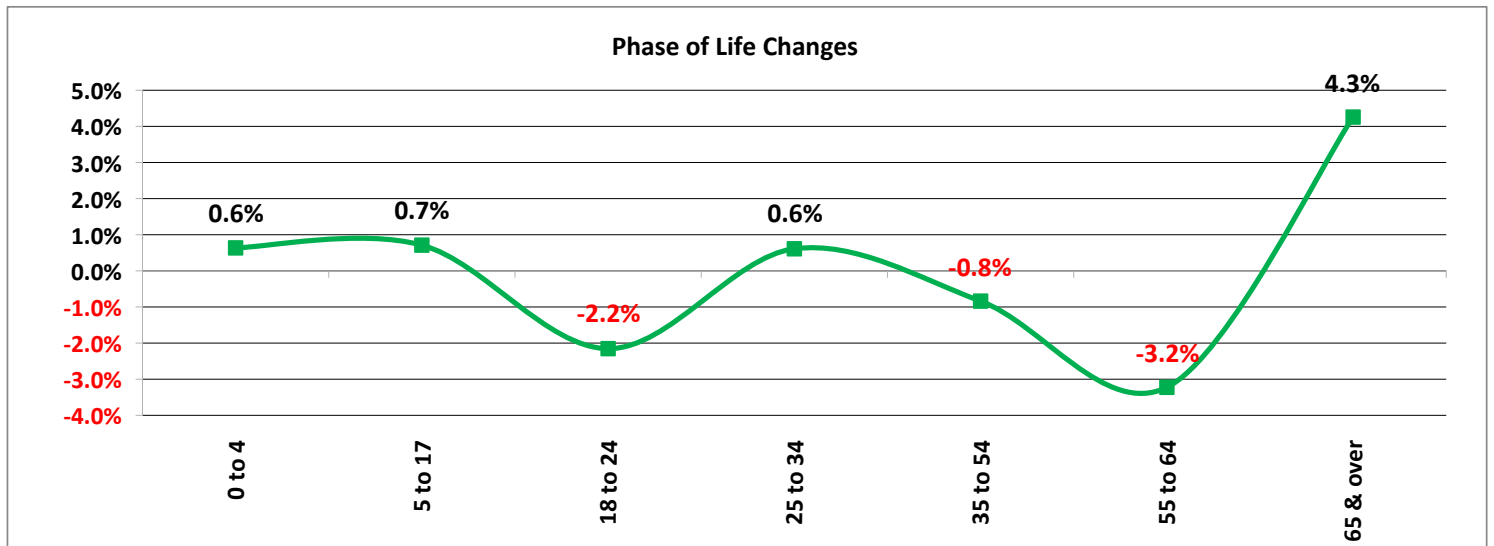
INSITE #3: AGE TRENDS (continued)

PHASE OF LIFE

The Phase of Life analysis provides insight into the age distribution of a population across the different stages of life experience. It can reveal a community in transition.

Pay special attention to the color codes of the Change column (far right below). It will immediately indicate which phases are increasing or decreasing as a percentage of the population.

Phase of Life	2010	2019	2024	2029	2010%	2019%	2024%	2029%	Estimated 10 Year %pt Change 2019 - 2029
Before Formal Schooling Ages 0 to 4	1,106	1,146	1,177	1,242	5.0%	5.2%	5.4%	5.8%	0.6%
Required Formal Schooling Ages 5 to 17	3,677	2,969	2,950	3,018	16.5%	13.4%	13.6%	14.1%	0.7%
College/Career Starts Ages 18 to 24	1,709	2,046	1,659	1,515	7.7%	9.2%	7.7%	7.1%	-2.2%
Singles & Young Families Ages 25 to 34	2,194	2,608	2,925	2,648	9.8%	11.8%	13.5%	12.4%	0.6%
Families & Empty Nesters Ages 35 to 54	6,418	5,041	4,586	4,687	28.8%	22.8%	21.2%	21.9%	-0.8%
Enrichment Years Sing/Couples Ages 55 to 64	3,309	3,467	3,037	2,658	14.8%	15.7%	14.0%	12.4%	-3.2%
Retirement Opportunities Age 65 and over	3,888	4,850	5,339	5,591	17.4%	21.9%	24.6%	26.2%	4.3%



Summary of Phase of Life Findings:

Phase of Life changes reflect the age profile of a community. On average, it takes 2.1 children per woman to replace both mother and father. If the percentage of the population under 20 is declining as a percentage of the total it is likely that the community will see an increase in the more senior aged population possibly due to a decline in birth rates.

In this study area children 17 years of age and younger are increasing as a percentage of the total population. Considering the other end of the phases of life, adults 55 years of age and older are increasing as a percentage of the total population.

In summary it may be that the community is experiencing some growth of children of school age.

INSITE #4: SCHOOL AGED CHILDREN TRENDS

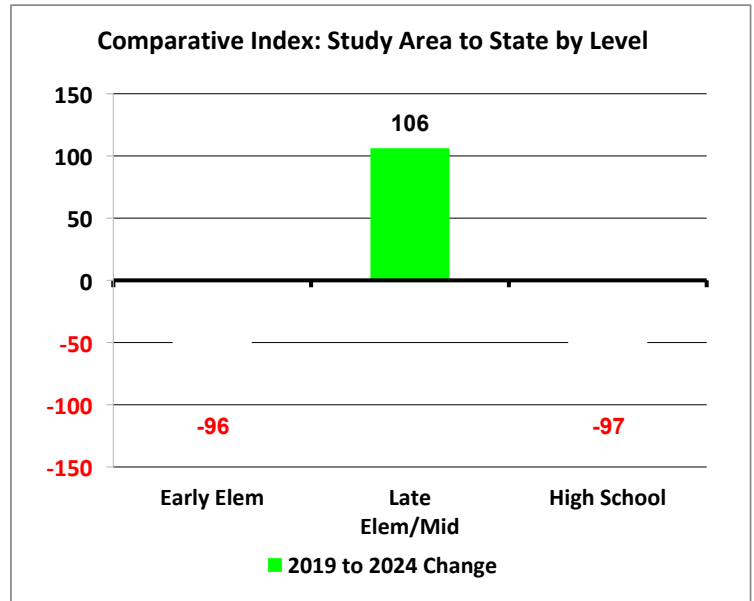
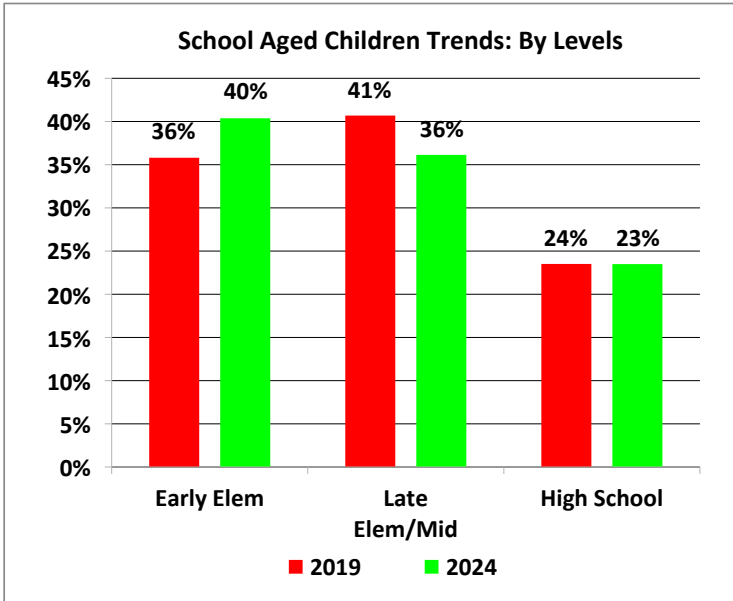
Children are the future! Understanding their specific population dynamics is critical for all planners of social and/or educational services. The “School Aged Children” variable is a subset of the “Required Formal Schooling” segment in the Phase of Life profile. It allows one to zoom in more closely on the children who are of formal schooling age.

The School Aged Children variable provides a snapshot of three levels of the population that comprise school age children. The three levels roughly correspond to the following.

- Elementary grades
- Intermediate/Middle School grades
- High School grades

The school aged population includes all school aged children including those enrolled in public and private schools, those home schooled and children in institutions.

School Aged Children	2010	2019	2024	2010%	2019%	2024%	Estimated 5 Year %pt Change 2019 - 2024
Early Elementary							
Ages 5 to 9	1,206	1,063	1,191	32.8%	35.8%	40.4%	4.6%
Late Elementary-Middle School							
Ages 10 to 14	1,461	1,208	1,066	39.7%	40.7%	36.1%	-4.6%
High School							
Ages 15 to 17	1,010	698	693	27.5%	23.5%	23.5%	0.0%



Summary of School Aged Children Findings:

Early Elementary children ages 5 to 9 are projected to increase as a percentage of children between 5 and 17 by 4.6%.

Late Elementary to Middle School aged children ages 10 to 14 are declining as a percentage of children between 5 and 17 by -4.6%.

High School aged children 15 to 17 are declining as a percentage of children between 5 and 17 by 0.0%.

Overall, children are aging through, but there is some evidence of a resurgence of children in the younger years.

INSITE #5: HOUSEHOLD AND FAMILY INCOME TRENDS

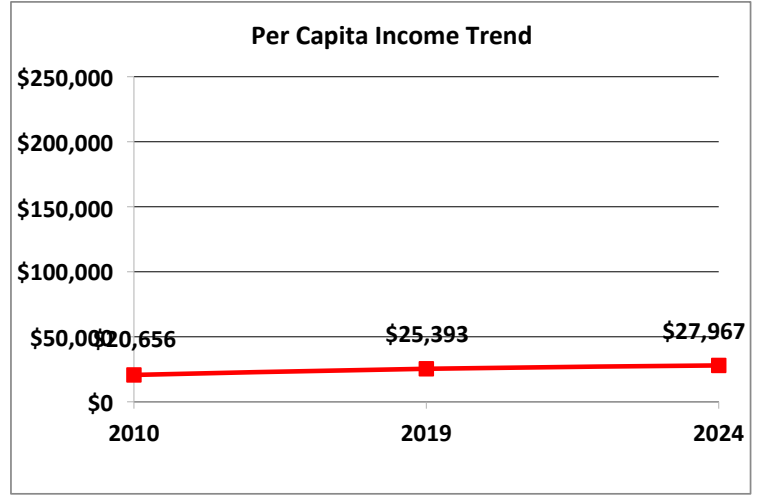
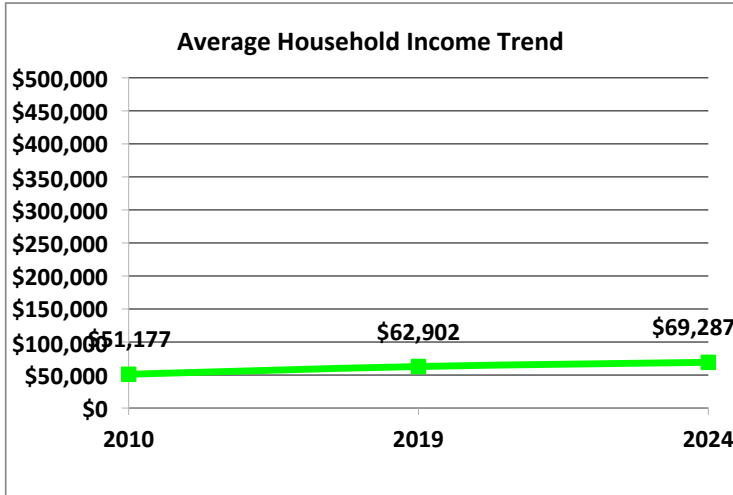
AVERAGE HOUSEHOLD INCOME AND PER CAPITA INCOME

Average Household Income and Per Capita Income indicate the level of financial resources within a community. Average Household income reflects the average income for each household, whether family or non-family.

Per Capita Income is a measure of the average income of all persons within a household. For family households, this would include all children. It does not mean that each person actually contributes to the average income from work. It is calculated by dividing the aggregate household income by the population.

In this study area, the estimated current year average household income is \$62,902. The average household income is projected to grow by 10.2% to \$69,287.

The estimated per capita income for the current year is \$25,393. The Per Capita Income is projected to grow by 10.1% to \$27,967.



Income Trends	2010	2019	2024	2010%	2019%	2024%	Estimated 5 Year %pt Change 2019 - 2024
Households							
Less than \$10,000	466	388	332	5.2%	4.3%	3.8%	-0.5%
\$10,000 to \$14,999	654	469	386	7.3%	5.3%	4.4%	-0.8%
\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,301	886	796	14.5%	9.9%	9.1%	-0.8%
\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,129	1,144	954	12.5%	12.8%	10.9%	-1.9%
\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,515	1,487	1,366	16.8%	16.6%	15.6%	-1.0%
\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,899	1,814	1,773	21.1%	20.3%	20.3%	0.0%
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1,162	1,141	1,215	12.9%	12.8%	13.9%	1.1%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	752	1,206	1,326	8.4%	13.5%	15.2%	1.7%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	93	330	460	1.0%	3.7%	5.3%	1.6%
\$200,000 or more	30	68	140	0.3%	0.8%	1.6%	0.8%
Totals	9,001	8,933	8,748				

INSITE #5: HOUSEHOLD AND FAMILY INCOME TRENDS (continued)

FAMILY INCOME

Family income is a sub-set of household income. It excludes non-family households. Family households include two or more persons who are related and living in the same dwelling unit. Children are more likely to live in family households. Non-family households are households in which two or more persons live in the same dwelling unit but are unrelated.

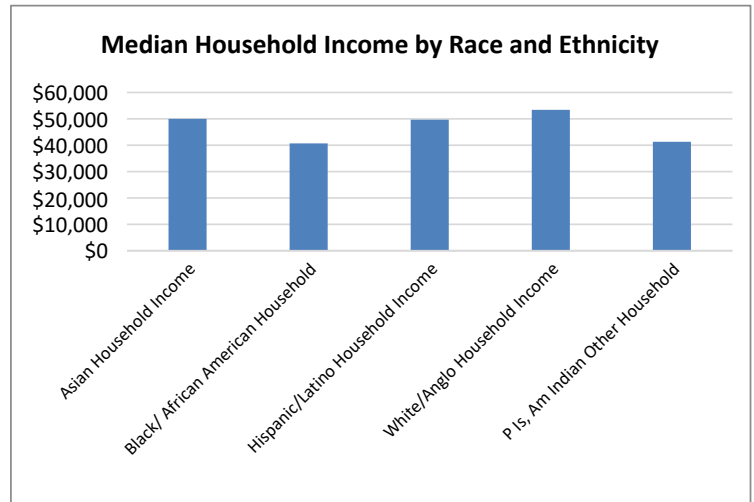
The number of families with annual incomes above \$100,000 is projected to decline over the next five years. For the current year, it is estimated that 22.9% of all family incomes exceed \$100,000 per year. In five years that number is projected to be 22.6%.

Income Trends	2019	2024	2019%	2024%	Estimated 5 Year %pt Change 2019 - 2024
Families					
Less than \$10,000	186	172	3.0%	2.9%	-0.16%
\$10,000 to \$14,999	142	130	2.3%	2.2%	-0.14%
\$15,000 to \$24,999	360	341	5.9%	5.7%	-0.18%
\$25,000 to \$34,999	679	735	11.0%	12.2%	1.19%
\$35,000 to \$49,999	975	945	15.9%	15.7%	-0.12%
\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,435	1,394	23.3%	23.2%	-0.13%
\$75,000 to \$99,999	963	932	15.7%	15.5%	-0.14%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	1,048	1,016	17.0%	16.9%	-0.13%
\$150,000-\$199,999	304	291	4.9%	4.8%	-0.10%
\$200,000 or more	59	52	1.0%	0.9%	-0.09%
Totals	6,151	6,008			

MEDIAN INCOME BY RACE AND ETHNICITY

Median income by race and ethnicity is a subset of household income. Median income is that point where there are as many households with incomes greater than the median as there are households with incomes less than the median.

Median Income by Race and Ethnicity	2019
Asian Household Income	\$49,999
Black/ African American Household Income	\$40,689
Hispanic/Latino Household Income	\$49,686
White/Anglo Household Income	\$53,415
P Is, Am Indian Other Household Income	\$41,306
Average	\$47,019



INSITE #6: HOUSEHOLDS AND CHILDREN TRENDS

Diversity of child rearing environments is increasing along with the many other types of growing diversity in the US. To understand this, we begin with the types of households that exist in a community. There are...

- family households with children under 18
- family households without children under 18

The concern of this analysis is family households with children under 18. Of the types of family households with children there are...

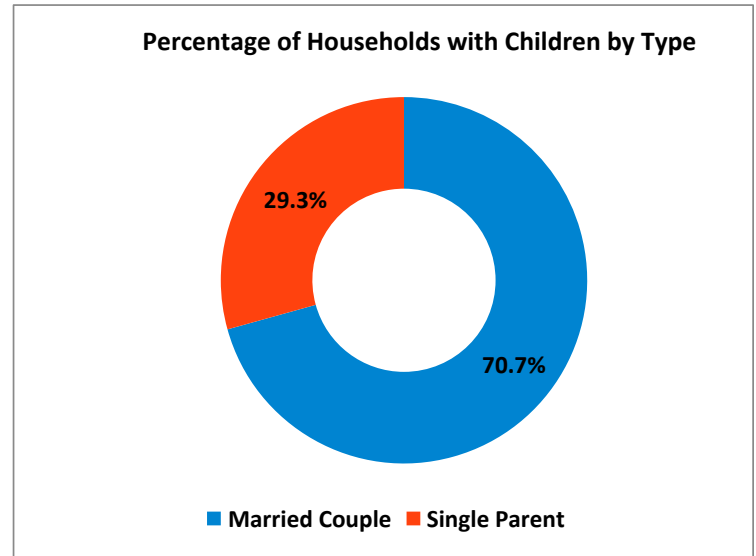
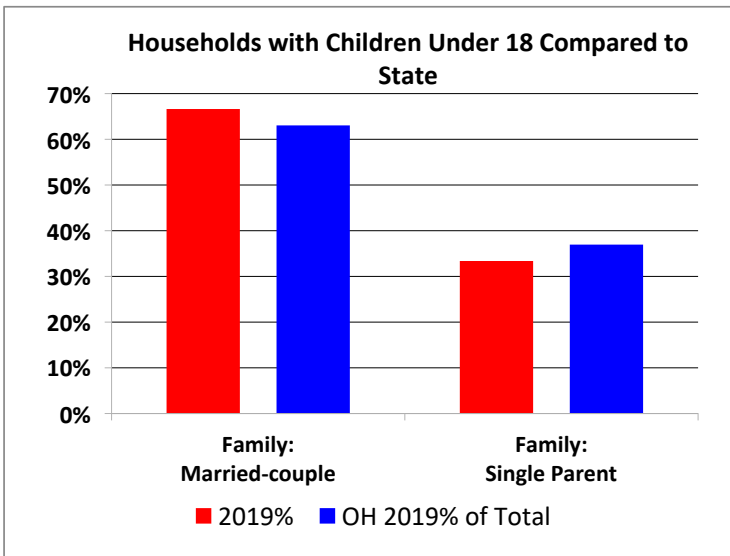
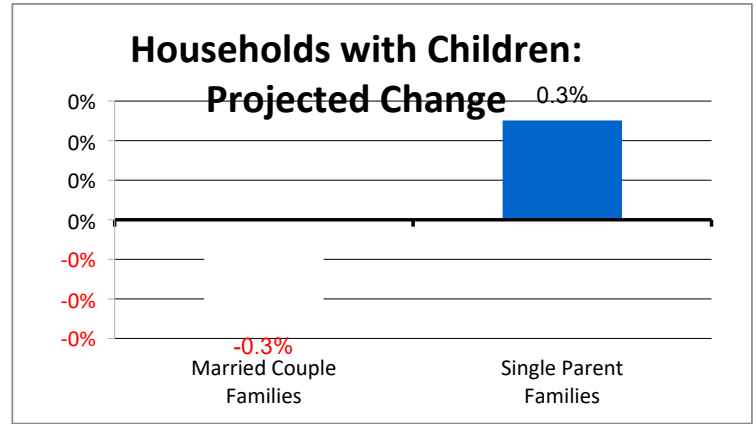
- Married couple families
- Single parent families (father or mother)

These two are reported for the study area in the table below.

Households	2010	2019	2024	2010%	2019%	2024%	Estimated 5 Year %pt Change 2019 - 2024
Households with Children under 18							
Married Couple	1,697	1,473	1,391	66.6%	70.7%	70.4%	-0.3%
Single Parent	850	611	584	33.4%	29.3%	29.6%	0.3%

Of the households with children under 18, married couple households are decreasing as a percentage while single parent households are increasing. The graph to the right illustrates this. Bars above the 0% point indicate a family type that is increasing while bars below 0% is decreasing. This provides "insite" into how family households and structures with children are changing in the study area.

A comparison to the state reveals to what extent this community is similar or dissimilar to the state as a whole. The study area's married couple households with children are similar to the state's profile. The percentage of single parent households with children is less than the state.



INSITE #7: MARITAL STATUS TRENDS

MARITAL STATUS BY TYPE

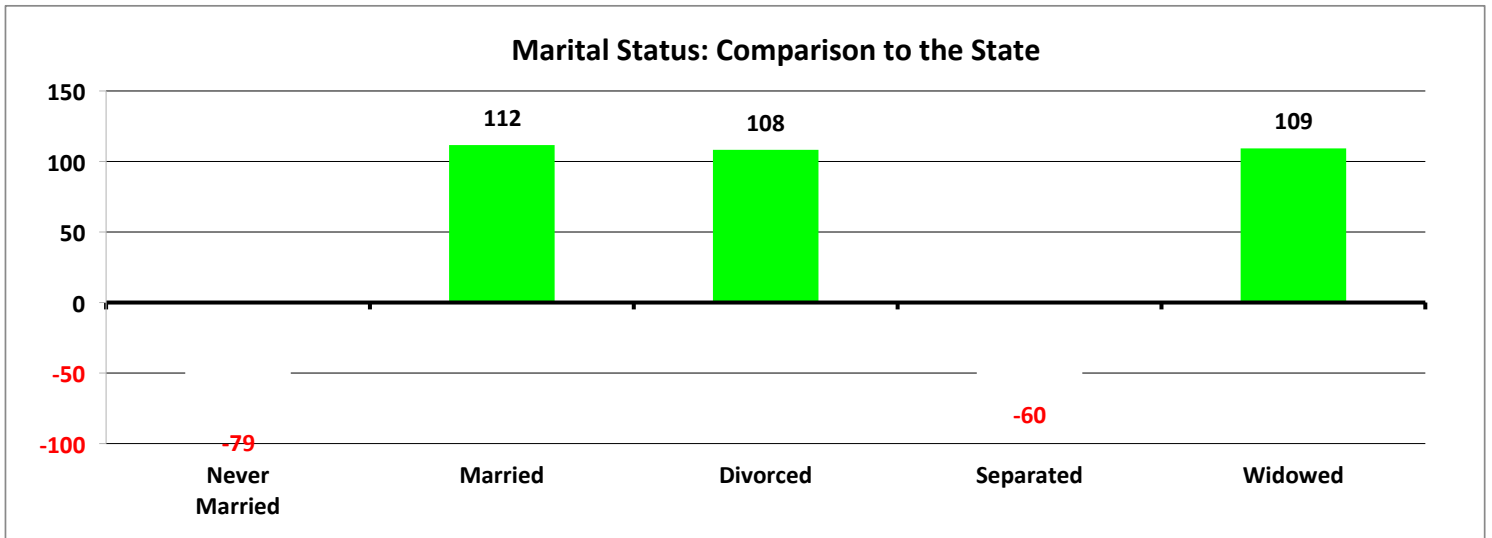
Population by Marital Status considers the number and percentage of persons 15 years of age and greater by their current marital status. Trend information as well as a comparison to the study area's state marital status types provide two different views of this social reality.

Marital types reported include..

- Never Married (Singles)
- Currently Married
- Divorced
- Separated
- Widowed

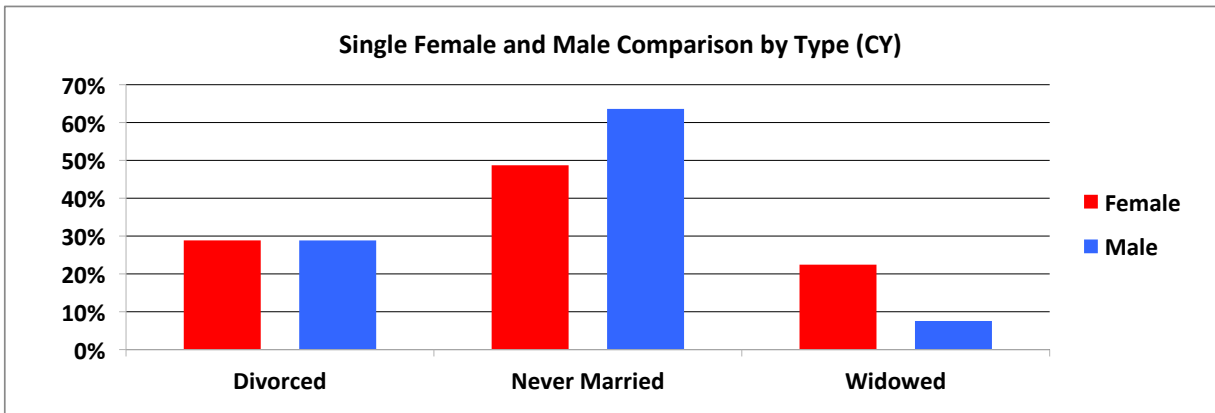
	2010	2019	2024	2010%	2019%	2024%	2010 to 2024 %pt Change
Population by Marital Status: Age 15+							
Never Married	4,225	4,728	4,650	22.4%	25.0%	25.2%	2.8%
Married	10,445	10,250	10,174	55.4%	54.1%	55.2%	-0.3%
Divorced	2,430	2,450	2,190	12.9%	12.9%	11.9%	-1.0%
Separated	334	191	183	1.8%	1.0%	1.0%	-0.8%
Widowed	1,405	1,314	1,244	7.5%	6.9%	6.7%	-0.7%

In this community, the current year estimate of marital status reveals a community of adults more likely to be married than the state average for adults. The percentage single never married is lower than the state average for adults 15 years and older. Divorce is more prevalent than the state wide average.



Women 15 years and older are about as likely to be divorced as men.

Women 15 years and older are more likely to be widowed than men.



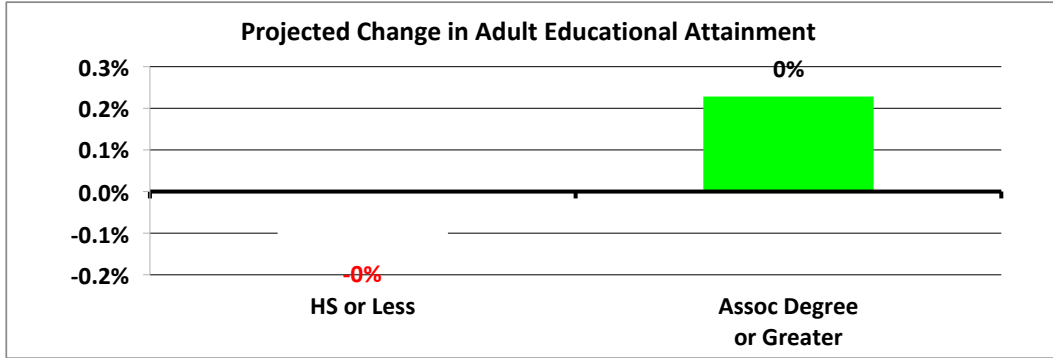
INSITE #8: ADULT EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

The level of educational attainment of a community's adult population is an important indicator of its opportunities and challenges. This analysis will look at the Adult Educational Attainment from three perspectives.

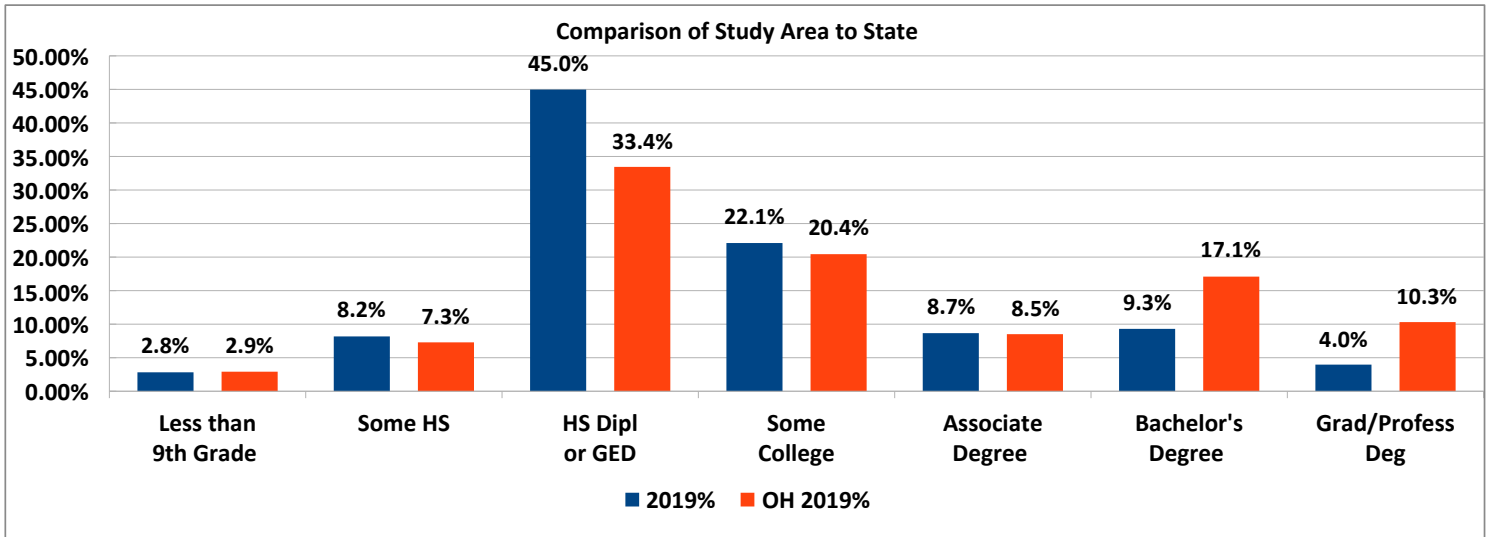
First, it looks to see if the level of educational attainment for adults is rising or not. Second, it compares the level of attainment to that of the state of OH. (If this is a state report, the comparison will be to itself.) Finally, the table provides the percentages from 2010.

EDUCATIONAL LEVEL ATTAINMENT CHANGE

The educational attainment level of adults has declined over the past few years. It is projected to rise over the next five years by 0.2%.



EDUCATIONAL LEVEL COMPARED TO THE STATE



	2010	2019	2024	OH 2019%	2019 Study Area-State Comp Index
Population by Educational Attainment: 25+					
Less than 9th Grade	3.8%	2.8%	2.8%	2.9%	97
Some HS	10.7%	8.2%	8.1%	7.3%	112
HS Dipl or GED	52.3%	45.0%	45.4%	33.4%	134
Some College	15.2%	22.1%	21.6%	20.4%	108
Associate Degree	7.4%	8.7%	8.8%	8.5%	102
Bachelor's Degree	8.0%	9.3%	9.3%	17.1%	54
Grad/Profess Deg	2.7%	4.0%	4.1%	10.3%	39

The overall educational attainment of the adults in this community is lower than the state.

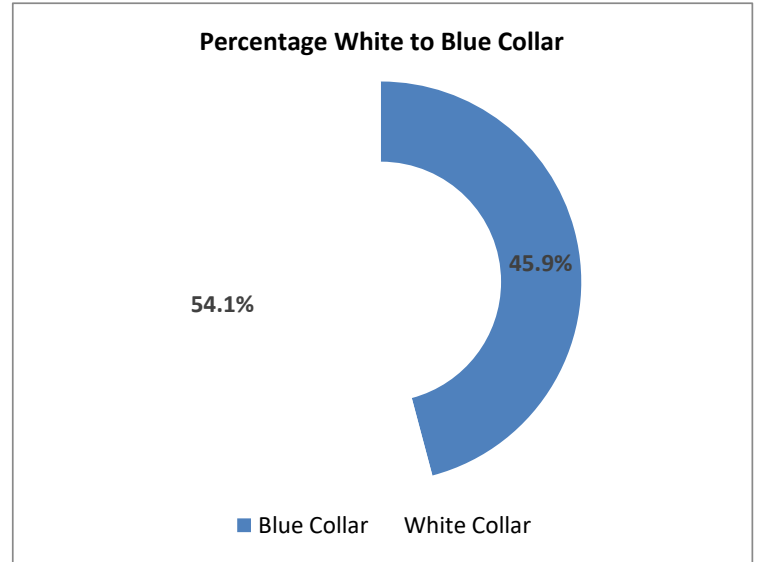
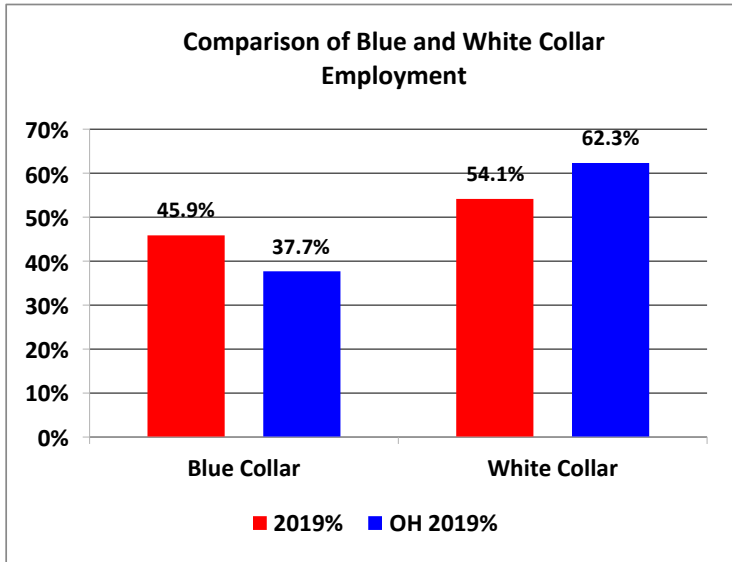
INSITE #9: POPULATION BY EMPLOYMENT

Like educational attainment, an analysis of a community by its employment types and categories provides an important “insite” into its socio-economics. This analysis looks at two factors.

First is a report of the employed population 16 and over by the traditional “blue collar” and “white collar” occupations and compares these to the state. Second, it looks at the community by the seven standard census bureau occupations and compares them to the state.

EMPLOYED POPULATION: BLUE COLLAR OR WHITE COLLAR

On the chart to the left, the study area is compared to the state of OH. This study area is well below the state average for White Collar workers. It is well above the state average for Blue Collar workers.



EMPLOYED CIVILIAN POPULATION BY OCCUPATION

	2019	OH 2019	Comp. Index	Interpretation
Employed Civilian Pop 16+ by Occupation				
Bldg Maintenance & Cleaning	4.2%	3.5%	121	Well above the state average.
Construction	9.8%	7.2%	136	Well above the state average.
Farming, Fishing, & Forestry	0.2%	0.3%	67	Well below the state average.
Food Preparation Serving	6.7%	6.0%	112	Well above the state average.
Healthcare Support	4.2%	2.8%	149	Well above the state average.
Managerial Executive	12.2%	14.5%	84	Well below the state average.
Office Admin	13.5%	13.3%	102	At about the state average.
Personal Care	3.1%	3.1%	99	At about the state average.
Production Transportation	20.6%	15.8%	131	Well above the state average.
Prof Specialty	14.1%	21.8%	65	Well below the state average.
Protective	1.3%	1.8%	68	Well below the state average.
Sales	10.2%	10.0%	102	At about the state average.

INSITE #10: MOSAIC Segments

Mosaic is a geo-demographic segmentation system developed by and for marketers. Instead of looking at individual demographic variables, a segmentation system clusters households into groups with multiple common characteristics. Demographic variables that generally cluster together would include income, educational levels, presence of children and occupations among others.

This database is developed by Experian. Some find the information helpful because it presents a multi-dimensional view of a community.

In the report below, the top 15 Mosaic Segments of the study area are provided. (If less than 15, rows will be blank.)

NOTE: For a full description please see the DI Demographic Segment Guide (Mosaic) under the Help menu on the Documents gallery.

	2019	2019%	State %	Comp Index	Relative to the OH State Ave.
Mosaic Segments					
Q64 Golden Year Guardians - Town Elders	1,091	12.2%	4.3%	286	Well above the state average
I31 Family Union - Blue Collar Comfort	844	9.4%	4.0%	235	Well above the state average
E21 Thriving Boomers - Unspoiled Splendor	760	8.5%	3.3%	259	Well above the state average
I30 Family Union - Stockcars and State Parks	706	7.9%	4.6%	172	Well above the state average
M44 Families in Motion - Red, White and Bluegrass	688	7.7%	2.4%	315	Well above the state average
J34 Autumn Years - Aging in Place	643	7.2%	5.5%	132	Well above the state average
E20 Thriving Boomers - No Place Like Home	536	6.0%	3.5%	169	Well above the state average
J36 Autumn Years - Settled and Sensible	506	5.7%	4.0%	140	Well above the state average
O51 Singles and Starters - Digital Dependents	432	4.8%	3.5%	137	Well above the state average
D15 Suburban Style - Sports Utility Families	382	4.3%	2.3%	189	Well above the state average
L43 Blue Sky Boomers - Homemade Happiness	339	3.8%	1.5%	259	Well above the state average
M45 Families in Motion - Diapers and Debit Cards	312	3.5%	3.2%	108	About average for the state
S68 Economic Challenges - Small Town Shallow Pockets	243	2.7%	1.7%	161	Well above the state average
J35 Autumn Years - Rural Escape	214	2.4%	1.8%	130	Well above the state average
F23 Promising Families - Families Matter Most	152	1.7%	1.2%	142	Well above the state average

Learn about your Mosaic Households

To access Mosaic Portrait data click on:

[Mosaic USA E-Handbook by Experian](#) (To open in a new Tab hold Control key when you click on the link)

Handbook includes Mosaic Overview and two graphic pages for each of the 19 Groups and 71 Segments.

[How to Read and Understand a Mosaic Portrait - Video](#)

[Understanding Mosaic Portraits for Mission Planning - Video](#)

Faith based clients: To access the Mosaic application guide click on:

[Mission Impact Mosaic Application Guide by Bandy](#) (To open in a new Tab hold Control key when you click on the link)

INSITE #11: GENERATIONS

A powerful way to envision demographics is by following a generation through its phases of life. This is because there are, in a general sense, common life experiences at each phase of life. But even more interesting is to understand a generational cohort group that has a unique sense of belonging to others born and coming of age together. More than mere age bracketing, a generation develops a sense of identity as a group based upon their coming of age experiences—how they were parented and major world defining events, such as 9/11. Using the Strauss and Howe model of generations one is able to see a more three-dimensional view of a generational group, bringing mere age demographics to life.

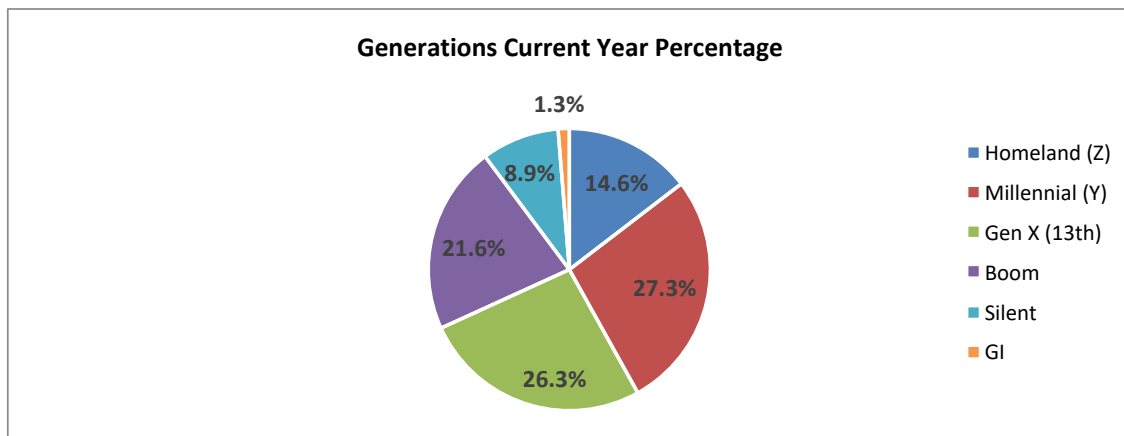
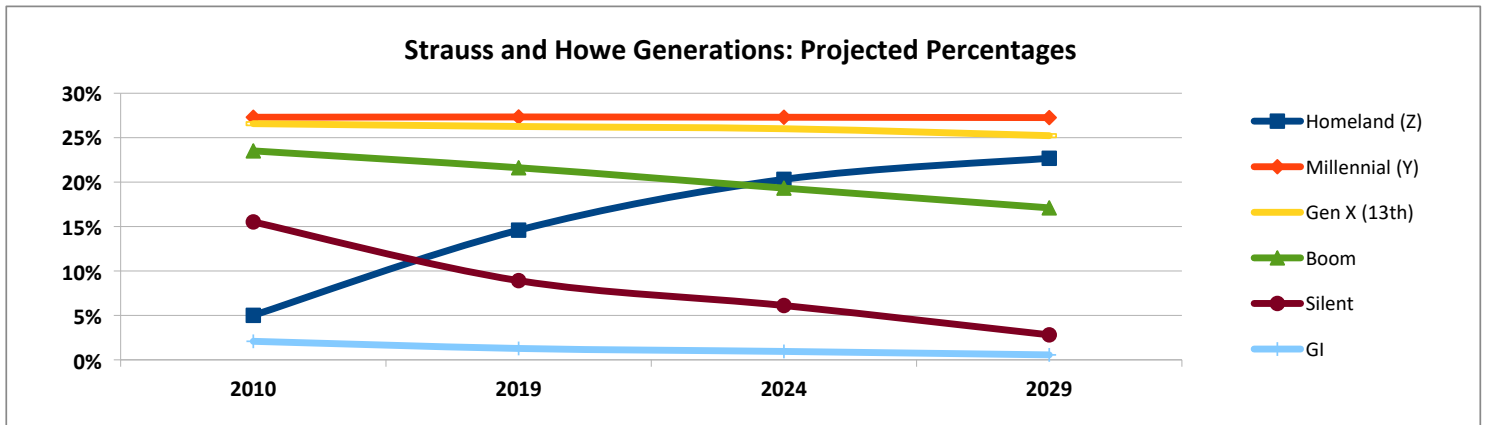
According to the Strauss and Howe model, members of a generation share three qualities. *

- An age location in history
- Some common beliefs and behaviors, including basic attitudes about risk taking, culture and values, civic engagement, and family life
- A common perceived membership in a generation, e.g., Boomers, Gen X, Millennials etc.

(* <http://www.lifecourse.com/about/method/phases.html>)

Name	S & H Type	Initial Birth	Final Birth	2010		2019		2024		2029	
Homeland (Z) Artist		2005	2025	1,106	5.0%	3,196	14.6%	4,358	20.3%	4,845	23.7%
Millennial (Y) Hero		1982	2004	6,030	27.3%	5,986	27.3%	5,857	27.3%	5,823	28.5%
Gen X (13th) Nomad		1961	1981	5,871	26.6%	5,751	26.3%	5,580	26.0%	5,388	26.4%
Boom Prophet		1946	1960	5,194	23.5%	4,734	21.6%	4,146	19.3%	3,653	17.9%
Silent Artist		1925	1945	3,428	15.5%	1,952	8.9%	1,312	6.1%	601	2.9%
GI Hero		1901	1924	461	2.1%	281	1.3%	203	0.9%	119	0.6%
Totals:				22,090	100.0%	21,899	100%	21,457	100%	20,429	100.0%

[For more information on Generational types, click here](#)



INSITE #12: RELIGIOUS PROGRAM OR MINISTRY PREFERENCES

This information is from the 2017 Quadrennium Project Survey conducted by MissionInsite of US Religious Preferences, Practices and Beliefs called the Quadrennium Project. The complete survey results are available in the four Predesigned Quad Reports; ReligiousInsite, ReligiousInsite Priorities, MinistryInsite or MinistryInsite Priorities. The Quadrennium White Paper is available on the web site.

	Study Area		US Average		Comparative Index	
	Modestly Important	Very Important	Modestly Important	Very Important	Modestly Important	Very Important
Personal Growth	33.3%	6.4%	33.9%	7.3%	98	87
Addiction support groups	28.4%	7.6%	29.1%	7.7%	98	99
Health/weight loss programs	34.1%	5.6%	34.4%	7.5%	99	75
Practical training seminars	37.4%	5.9%	38.1%	6.7%	98	87
Family Support and Intervention Services	42.6%	8.7%	36.5%	10.5%	117	83
Crisis support groups	39.6%	11.1%	41.9%	10.1%	94	109
Daycare/After-School Programs	27.1%	7.9%	27.2%	7.8%	100	101
Family oriented activities	45.7%	17.7%	42.6%	17.5%	107	102
Marriage enrichment	37.9%	9.7%	36.5%	9.7%	104	101
Parenting development	32.0%	8.0%	30.9%	7.9%	103	100
Personal/family counseling	40.5%	10.1%	40.0%	10.1%	101	100
Community Involvement and Advocacy Programs	54.4%	13.1%	47.7%	13.8%	114	94
Adult social activities	47.0%	11.3%	52.1%	14.4%	90	79
Involvement in social causes	49.7%	11.6%	47.4%	13.6%	105	85
Social justice advocacy work	40.9%	9.2%	40.5%	11.5%	101	80
Opportunities for volunteering in the community	51.9%	15.4%	50.8%	15.8%	102	98
Community Activities or Cultural Programs	45.4%	9.2%	43.3%	12.9%	105	71
Cultural programs (music, drama, art)	41.3%	14.5%	46.5%	11.3%	89	128
Holiday programs/activities	51.7%	14.4%	49.8%	14.5%	104	100
Seniors/retiree activities	44.0%	13.6%	41.9%	13.4%	105	102
Youth social activities	35.6%	13.0%	35.1%	12.3%	101	105
Religious/Spiritual Programs	33.8%	16.9%	37.4%	18.1%	90	93
Bible or Scripture study/prayer groups	38.8%	21.8%	32.6%	15.9%	119	137
Christian education for children	31.4%	17.1%	29.5%	14.9%	106	115
Contemporary worship experiences	39.0%	12.6%	39.1%	11.5%	100	109
Spiritual discussion groups	39.2%	11.2%	39.0%	11.6%	100	97
Traditional worship experiences	40.0%	23.1%	38.9%	20.7%	103	112
Warm and friendly encounters	45.4%	35.2%	45.3%	33.8%	100	104
The quality of sermons	37.8%	31.8%	36.9%	28.5%	103	111

Supporting Information

Interpreting the Report

The ExecutiveInsite report is designed for easy reading. But there are several tools provided in the tables that make this easier.

Change over time: Several trend tables have a column indicating a change over time. Generally these tables begin with the last census, include the current year estimate, a five year projection and if available, a 10 year forecast. The data in each cell represents a percentage change up or down.

Color Coding: Both the "Change over Time" and "Comparative Indexes" columns are color coded to easily spot any change and the direction of that change.

Change:	Increasing	Stable	Declining
Index:	Above Ave	Ave	Below Ave.

Variable Definitions

Full variable definitions can be found in the MI Demographic Reference Guide. Download it free from the Help/Documents menu located on the map screen of your

Download <https://s3-us-west-2.amazonaws.com/mi-docs/Discovering+Ministry+>

Indexes: Some variables will have a column called "Comparative Index." An index is an easy way to compare a study area with a larger area. For this report, all comparisons are with the state or states within which the study area falls. The indexes can be interpreted as follows.

- Indexes of 100 mean the study area variable is the same as its base area.
- Indexes greater than 100 mean the study area variable is above the base area. The higher the number, the greater it is above the base.
- Indexes less than 100 mean the study area variable is below the base area. The lower the number, the greater it is below the base.

Support

If you need support with this report, please email MissionInsite at misupport@missioninsite.com.